## The executive summary of the final report of work done on the Minor Research Project under XI<sup>th</sup>plan of U.G.C.

Title of research project-Synthesis and Characterization of

Conducting Polymer-Metal ion Nano-composite

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## Installation of Laboratory set up

i)UV light chamber with varying intensity (8W, 16W, 24W, 32W).

ii)A Screen printing Unit (manual) used for preparation of thick films.

**iii**) Low temperature Static gas sensing unit. It consist sensing chamber with varying temperature facility, temperature sensor, temperature indicator, gas shower, variable power supply (0-30V; 5amp) and digital picoammeter.

Synthesis of WO<sub>3</sub>/polyaniline and O-anisidine/Ag composites as the sensor elements:

In the present work, Polyaniline- $WO_3$  compositewere prepared for different weight percent of  $WO_3$  (25, 50, 75 wt %) using simple chemical polymerization process. Also Poly(o-Anisidine)-Ag nano-composite samples were prepared with photo induced polymerization method.

The thixotropic pastes of the fine powders were formulated by mixing the synthesized fine powder samples with a temporary binder solution. The pastes were screen printed on glass substrates in desired patterns [16, 17]. Thus the sensor elements with different wt % of WO<sub>3</sub>with polyaniline and Poly(o-Anisidine)-Ag nano-composite sampleswere obtained.

These gas sensing elements are then characterized by UV-Visible spectroscopy, X-ray diffraction FTIR, SEM-EDAX techniques.

The aim of the present work is to develop the sensor by modifying Polyaniline and it's substituted derivative o-Aniside, which could be able to detect the toxic gases at trace level.

From the results obtained, following statements can be made

- 1. Pure PANI was almost insensitive to LPG and LNG gases.
- 2. 50 wt % of WO<sub>3</sub> incorporated in pure PANI is the most sensitive element to LPG gas at  $325^{0}$ C.
- 3. The polyaniline-WO<sub>3</sub>sensor element showed very rapid response and recovery to LPG gas.
- 4. The polyaniline-WO<sub>3</sub>sensor element has good selectivity to LPG against NH<sub>3</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH.
- 5. Photo induced polymerization results incorporation of nano size Ag on the o-Anisidine matrix. The average particle size of Ag is about 5.8 nm.
- 6. Thick film samples of Poly(o-Anisidine)-Ag nano-composite exhibits maximum response of LPG at  $(75^{0}C)$ .
- 7. It shows good sensitivity. Remarkable selectivity for LPG against various gases, fast response and rapid recovery.Poly(o-Anisidine)-Ag nano-composite would be a good candidate for application as LPG sensor at considerably low temperature.